Lesson Objectives Tasks Define the rate of Write a definition for the rate of reaction How many marks do you think this is State one common mistake that may worth in an exam? be made in answering this question. reaction Determine the Write a stepwise method for calculating Use the graph to calculate the initial rate of the rate of reaction from a graph rate of reaction reaction from a graph of gas 30 Understand and Write rate equations for the following reactions. State the units for the rate State the overall order and the orders Assume the order is zero for any species not given be able to use for each reactant in the following rate constant for first, second, rate equations of third and fourth order equations: a) First order for A the form Rate = reactions. a) Rate = $k[A]^2[B]$ k[A]m [B]n where *m* and *n* are the b) First order for both A + B orders of reaction with respect to reactants A and c) Second order for A b) Rate = k[A][B]B (*m*, *n* restricted to values 1, 2 or 0) d) Second order for B

Year 13 Kinetics Revision Helpsheet

							The sufficiency sufficiency for	al a har har a suite an
Be able to derive the rate equation for a reaction from data relating initial rate	-	Experiment	Initial concentration of A/mol dm-ª	Initial concentration of B /mol dm⊲	Initial rate/mol dm∹ s-		Use this experimental data to write a rate equation for the reaction of A and B to give C.	
		1	0.15	0.24	0.45 × 10-∘			
		2	0.30	0.24	0.90 × 10∹			
to the		3	0.60	0.48	7.20 × 10-			
the different								
reactants								
Be able to	What happens to the rate of reaction as the What happens to the v					o the value	Explain the effect of temperature on	
explain the	te	emperature increases?			of the rate constant as the		rate of reaction	
of changes in								
temperature on								
the rate constant								
k								
Understand that	True or false?				Which species can appear in the rate equation for each of these			
the orders of	A	ny species ir	nvolved in or before	e the rate	mechanisms?			
respect to	d	etermining step can appear in the rate equation.			(i) A P slow	(i) $A + B$ slow (i) $A + B$ fast (i) $A + B$ fast (i)		
reactants can be					(i) A+B -> C (i) A+B		$C (i) A + b \longrightarrow C$	
used to provide					(ii) $C \longrightarrow D + B$	(II) $C \longrightarrow D$	+ B (II) C \longrightarrow D + B fast	
about the rate				(iii) $D + E \longrightarrow F$	(iii) D + E →	F (iii) $D + E \longrightarrow F$		
determining/				(iv) $F \xrightarrow{\text{rast}} G$	(iv) $F \xrightarrow{stow} G$	(iv) $F \xrightarrow{\text{tast}} G$		
limiting step of a								
reaction								