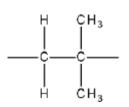
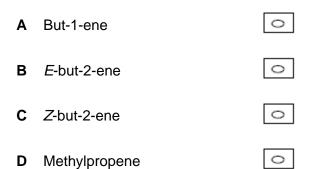
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3

The repeating unit of a polymer is



Which of the following molecules would form a polymer containing this repeating unit?



(Total 1 mark)

Consider the reaction between propene and hydrogen bromide to form the major product.

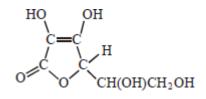
Which species is formed in the mechanism of this reaction?

Α	CH_3 – C +H– CH_2Br	0					
В	CH ₃ –CHBr–C+H ₂	0					
С	CH ₃ –C ⁺ H–CH ₃	0					
D	CH_3 – CH_2 – C + H_2	0					
				(Total 1 mark)			
Which statement about <i>E</i> -1,2-dichloroethene is correct?							
Α	It has the same boiling point as Z-1,2-dichloroethene.		0				
В	It forms a polymer with the same repeating unit as Z-1,2-dichloroethene.		0				
С	It has the same IR spectrum as Z-1,2-dichloroethene in the range 400–1500 cm ⁻¹ .		0				
D	It has a molecular ion peak different from that of <i>Z</i> -1,2-dichloroethene in its mass spectrum.		0				

Which statement about ethene is correct?

Α	It has no geometric is the C=C bond.	omers because there is free rotation around	0			
в	It reacts with HBr in a	0				
С	It burns in excess oxygen to produce carbon dioxide and water.					
D	The C=C bond is twice as strong as the C–C bond in ethane.					
				(Total 1 mark)		
What is the major product of the reaction between but-1-ene and DBr? (D is deuterium and represents ² H)						
Α	$CH_2DCH_2CH_2CH_2Br$	0				
в	CH ₂ DCH ₂ CHBrCH ₃	0				
С	CH ₃ CH ₂ CHBrCH ₂ D	0				
С	CH ₃ CH ₂ CHDCH ₂ Br	0		(Total 1 mark)		

Which one of the following is **not** a correct statement about vitamin C, shown below?



- A It is a cyclic ester.
- **B** It can form a carboxylic acid on oxidation.
- **C** It decolourises a solution of bromine in water.
- **D** It is a planar molecule.

(Total 1 mark)

4

5

6

- Which one of the following reactions will produce an organic compound that has optical isomers?
- A dehydration of butan-2-ol by heating with concentrated sulphuric acid
- **B** reduction of pentan-3-one by warming with NaBH₄
- **C** addition of Br₂ to 3-bromopropene

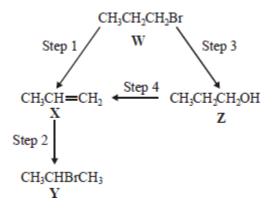
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8

D reduction of 2,3-dimethylpent-2-ene with H₂ in the presence of a nickel catalyst

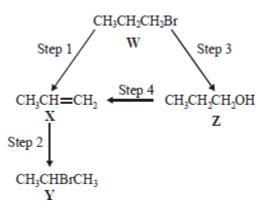
(Total 1 mark)

For this question refer to the reaction scheme below.



Which one of the following statements is not correct?

- A Reaction of **W** with sodium cyanide followed by hydrolysis of the resulting product gives propanoic acid.
- **B** Mild oxidation of **Z** produces a compound that reacts with Tollens' reagent, forming a silver mirror.
- **C Z** reacts with ethanoic acid to produce the ester propyl ethanoate.
- **C W** undergoes addition polymerisation to form poly(propene).



Which one of the following reagents would **not** bring about the reaction indicated?

A Step 1 : alcoholic KOH

9

10

- B Step 2 : aqueous Br₂
- C Step 3 : aqueous NaOH
- **C** Step 4 : concentrated H₂SO₄

(Total 1 mark)

Propene reacts with hydrogen bromide to form a mixture of saturated organic products. The proton n.m.r. spectrum of the major organic product has

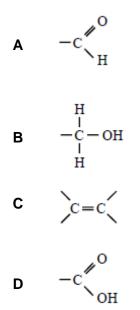
- A 3 peaks with relative intensities 3 : 2 : 2
- **B** 2 peaks with relative intensities 3 : 4
- **C** 3 peaks with relative intensities 3 : 1 : 3
- D 2 peaks with relative intensities 6 : 1

12

Certain chemical tests were performed on the pain-relief drug ibuprofen. The results of these tests are given in the table below.

Test	Result
Aqueous sodium carbonate	Effervescence
Bromine water	Remained orange
Acidified potassium dichromate(VI) and heat	Remained orange
Fehling's solution and heat	Remained blue

Which one of the following functional groups do these results suggest that ibuprofen contains?



(Total 1 mark)

The correct name for the alkene monomer which forms the polymer shown below is

 $\begin{array}{c} CH_3 CH_2 CH_3 \\ + C \\ + C \\ - C \\ + H \\ CH_3 H \end{array}$

- A 2-methyl-3-ethylpropene
- B 2-methylpent-2-ene
- C 2-methylpent-3-ene
- D 4-methylpent-2-ene

13 Which one of the following mechanisms is **not** involved in the reaction sequence below?

 $\mathsf{CH}_3\mathsf{CH}_3 \to \mathsf{CH}_3\mathsf{CH}_2\mathsf{CI} \to \mathsf{CH}_3\mathsf{CH}_2\mathsf{OH} \to \mathsf{CH}_2{=}\mathsf{CH}_2 \to \mathsf{CH}_3\mathsf{CH}_2\mathsf{Br}$

- A electrophilic addition
- **B** electrophilic substitution
- **C** nucleophilic substitution
- D free-radical substitution

14

The correct systematic name for $(CH_3)_2CHC = CCH_3$ is

- A 2-ethyl-3,4-dimethylpent-2-ene
- B 4-ethyl-2,3-dimethylpent-3-ene
- C 2,3,4-trirnethylhex-3-ene
- D 3,4,5-trimethylhex-3-ene

(Total 1 mark)

(Total 1 mark)

15

The correct systematic name for $CH_3CH_2C=CCH_3$ is CH_2CH_3

- A 2,3-diethylbut-2-ene
- B 2-ethyl-3-methylpent-2-ene
- C 4-ethyl-3-methylpent-3-ene

D 3,4-dimethylhex-3-ene

A
$$CH_3CH_2CHCH_3 \longrightarrow CH_3CH_2CHCH_3 + :Br^-$$

HO: OH

$$B \qquad CH_3CH \stackrel{H}{\longrightarrow} CH_3 \stackrel{+}{\longrightarrow} CH_3 \stackrel{+}{\overset{C}{\longrightarrow}} CH_3CHCH_2CH_3 \xrightarrow{} CH_3CHCH_2CH_3$$

$$C \qquad CH_{3}CH_{2}CCH_{3} \longrightarrow CH_{3}CH_{2}CCH_{3} \longrightarrow CH_{3}CH_{2}CCH_{3} \longrightarrow CH_{3}CH_{2}CCH_{3}$$

$$H \xrightarrow{I}_{NH_{2}} MH_{2} \qquad H \xrightarrow{I}_{NH_{2}} MH_{2}$$

$$D \qquad CH_{3}CH_{2}CHCH_{3} \longrightarrow CH_{3}CH \xrightarrow{I}_{C}CHCH_{3} \longrightarrow CH_{3}CH = CHCH_{3}$$

(Total 1 mark)

17

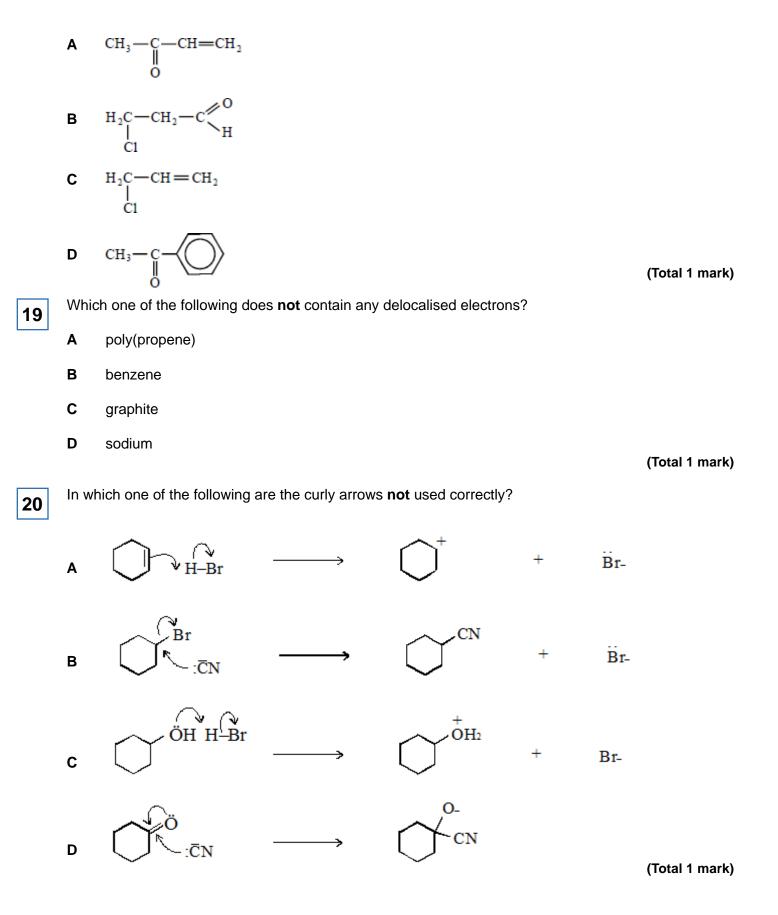
16

Which one of the following is the correct name for $CH_3C=CBrCH_3$?

- A 2-bromo-3-methylpent-2-ene
- B 2-bromo-3-ethylbut-2-ene
- C 3-bromo-2-ethylbut-2-ene
- D 4-bromo-3-methylpent-3-ene

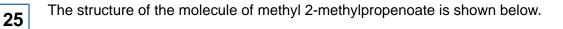
Which one of the following can react both by nucleophilic addition and by nucleophilic substitution?

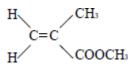
18



21	Which one of the following does not represent an oxidation?			
	Α	propene \rightarrow propane		
22	в	propan-I-ol \rightarrow propanal		
	С	propan-I-ol \rightarrow propanoic acid		
	D	propanal \rightarrow propanoic acid	(Total 1 mark)	
	Which one of the following is not a suitable method for the preparation of ethanol?		(
	Α	oxidation of ethane		
	В	hydration of ethene		
	С	reduction of ethanal		
	D	hydrolysis of bromoethane	(Total 1 mark)	
23	Which one of the following reactions involves nucleophilic addition?			
	Α	$CH_3CH = CH_2 + HBr \rightarrow CH_3CHBrCH_3$		
	в	$CH_3CH_2CH_3 + Cl_2 \rightarrow CH_3CHCICH_3 + HCl$		
24	С	$CH_{3}CH_{2}CH_{2}Br + NaOH \rightarrow CH_{3}CH_{2}CH_{2}OH + NaBr$		
	D	$CH_3CH_2CHO + HCN \rightarrow CH_3CH_2CH(OH)CN$	(Total 1 mark)	
	Which one of the following conversions does not represent a reduction?		(Total T mark)	
	Α	propene \rightarrow propane		
	В	propanal \rightarrow propan-l-ol		
	С	propanal \rightarrow propanoic acid		

 \mathbf{D} propanone \rightarrow propane





Which one of the following statements concerning this compound is not true?

- A It displays geometrical isomerism.
- **B** It forms an addition polymer.
- **C** It undergoes reduction.
- **D** It decolourises bromine.

Mark schemes



